UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

District of South Carolina

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United States of America v. Romeo Rodolfo Luch Chunchun Defendant)) Case No. 2:24-mj-00018)					
ORDER OF DETER	NTION PENDING TRIAL					
Part I - Elig	Part I - Eligibility for Detention					
Upon the						
	on is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact					
Part II - Findings of Fact and L	aw as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)					
presumption that no condition or combination of coand the community because the following condition (1) the defendant is charged with one of the (a) a crime of violence, a violation of 18 § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum (b) an offense for which the maximum ter Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. § (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 (d) any felony if such person has been of (a) through (c) of this paragraph, or two described in subparagraphs (a) through jurisdiction had existed, or a combination (e) any felony that is not otherwise a critical property of the possession of (iii) any other dangerous weapon; or (iv.) (2) the defendant has previously been convi	following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1): 8 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. In term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or sentence is life imprisonment or death; or Imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Inspect of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Inspect of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Inspect of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Inspect of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Inspect of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Inspect of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Inspect of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Inspect of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Inspect of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Inspect of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or Inspect of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or Inspect of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or Inspect of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Inspect of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or Inspect of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or Inspect of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or Inspect of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or Inspect of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or Inspect of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or Inspect of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or Inspect of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or Inspect of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or Inspect of imprisonment or inspect or inspect or inspect of imprisonment or inspect or in					
(3) the offense described in paragraph (2) at	bove for which the defendant has been convicted was use pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; and					
	elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the					

defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

☐ B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a
rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the
defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant
committed one or more of the following offenses:
(1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the
Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21
U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);
(2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;
☐ (3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed;
(4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of
imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or
(5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245,
2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.
C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above
☐ The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is
ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)
Ordered on that outlies (Larvin need not be compressed)
OR
The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the
presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention hearing, the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:
☐ By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure
the safety of any other person and the community.
the safety of any other person and the community.
☐ By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance as required.
the defendant's appearance as required.
In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following:
Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong
☐ Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted
☐ Prior criminal history
 Participation in criminal activity while on probation, parole, or supervision
☐ History of violence or use of weapons
History of alcohol or substance abuse
☐ Lack of stable employment
☐ Lack of stable residence
☐ Lack of financially responsible sureties

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□ Lack of significant community or family ties to this district □ Significant family or other ties outside the United States □ Lack of legal status in the United States □ Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration □ Prior failure to appear in court as ordered □ Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement □ Use of alias(es) or false documents □ Background information unknown or unverified □ Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release	
OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION: Defendant waives Detention Hearing without prejudice.	

Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

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June 07, 2024

United States Magistrate Judge